By: Representative Davis

To: Judiciary B

HOUSE BILL NO. 1145

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION $97\mathchar`-19\mathchar`-57$, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE NOTICE PROVISION OF THE BAD CHECK LAW REGARDING 1 2 3 INTENT TO DEFRAUD; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 5 SECTION 1. Section 97-19-57, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6 amended as follows: 7 97-19-57. (1) The maker's or drawer's failure to pay a 8 check, draft or order, issued for value, within ten (10) days 9 after notice of its nonpayment upon presentation has been deposited by certified mail in the United States mail system 10 addressed to the issuer thereof either at the address shown on the 11 12 instrument or the last known address for such person shown on the 13 records of the bank upon which such instrument is drawn or within ten (10) days after delivery or personal tender of the written 14 15 notice to said issuer by the payee or his agent, shall be presumptive evidence of his intent to defraud. 16 (2) The form of the notice provided for in subsection (1) of 17 this section shall be substantially as follows: 18 "This statutory notice is provided pursuant to Section 19 20 97-19-57, Mississippi Code of 1972. You are hereby notified that a check, draft or order numbered ____, apparently issued by you on 21 22 _____(date), drawn upon _____(name of bank), and payable to ____, has been dishonored. Pursuant to Mississippi 23 law, you have ten (10) days from deposit of this notice to tender 24 payment of the full amount of such check, draft or order, plus a 25 service charge of Thirty Dollars (\$30.00), the total amount due 26

H. B. No. 1145 99\HR07\R1582 PAGE 1 27 being \$_____. Unless this amount is paid in full within the 28 time specified above, the holder may assume that you delivered the 29 instrument with intent to defraud and may turn over the dishonored 30 instrument and all other available information relating to this 31 incident to the proper authorities for criminal prosecution."

32 (3) If the notice is mailed by certified or registered mail 33 and is returned undelivered to the sender after such notice was 34 mailed within a reasonable time of dishonor to the address printed 35 on the check, draft or order, or to the address given by the 36 accused at the time of issuance of the instrument, such return 37 shall be prima facie evidence of the maker's or drawer's intent to 38 defraud.

39 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 40 and after July 1, 1999.